### KS4 MFL French, France and its culture

### Subject In this unit students will develop their knowledge and understanding of another language and culture. Students will develop an interest in curriculum learning other language. Students will develop their awareness of cultural differences in other countries and a greater understanding of cultural practices in this country. Students will develop their speaking and listening skills and gain a better understanding of the English intent: language and its grammar system. Students will know and understand how to: · ask and answer basic questions; · use correct pronunciation and intonation; · memorise words: · interpret meaning; · understand some basic grammar; · work in pairs and groups, and communicate in the other language; · look at life in another culture. End of KS3 intent/outcome End of KS4 intent/outcome Students will be able to understand and participate in simple conversations Students develop their knowledge and understanding of France and French culture and compare with another country outside the UK. held in the French language. Students will have a basic knowledge and understanding of France and In Year 2, students build upon the knowledge in skills in using the French language to apply this to learning Spanish and learning about Spanish French culture. culture. This term students will know and understand how to ask and answer basic questions in French. They will use correct pronunciation and Intent for this topic: intonation; memorise words; interpret meaning; understand some basic grammar; work in pairs and groups and communicate in French. Students will look at life in another culture and explore differences and similarities with their own culture. Language specific characters: À Â Ç È É Ê Ô Ô Œ Ù Û, à â ç è é ê ô œ ù û (Accents not usually used on capital letters except À Key Keywords - See Flow of Learning (feminine words are in a red font & masculine words are in a blue font to help learn the gender of the vocabulary taught nouns) within this topic: Geography - Exploring and identifying regions and countries throughout the world Links to PSHCE- Developing understanding of different cultures, of similarities and differences between people other Drama - Role play and hot seating activities subjects: ICT - Researching information, drafting, editing and presenting written work. RRS Articles: This unit of work is linked to Articles 29 of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. Education must develop every child's personality, talents and abilities to the full. It must encourage the child's respect for human rights, as well as respect for their

parents, their own and other cultures, and the environment

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Term: Autumn Term 2023/24

Wks	Focus	Main activities	Key vocabulary
Wks 1-3	Where is France? Who speaks French? Students focus on France and other French speaking countries, Belgium, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Monaco, Canada, Ivory Coast, Democratic Republic of Congo, Cameroon, Senegal, Haiti etc	Students explore what languages people speak in the world other than English Students discuss why these countries speak French Students locate France on map and discuss how they would travel there. Active learning - students move across globe/classroom to different countries, move in way reflecting method of transport Identify similarities with English - capital letters for names Identify differences with English - é (ay), à, ô Identify false friends - faux amis - un car is a coach not a car Note adjectives generally come after the noun le mont Blanc - the white mount, les fleuves principaux - the main rivers	le globe, le monde, la terre Combien de continents y-a-t-il? Il y a cinq continents: l'Europe, l'Asie, l'Afrique, l'Amérique et l'Océanie. Est-ce-que tu peux situer les pays? la France est un pays en Europe la Belgique, le Luxembourg, la Suisse, le Canada, la Côte d'Ivoire, la République du Congo, le Cameroun, le Sénégal, le Haiti la capitale de la France est Paris les fleuves principaux sont la Seine, la Rhone, la Loire et la Garonne les montagnes - les Alpes, les Pyrénées, le mont Blanc les moyens de transport- voyager en avion, en bateau, en voiture, à pied, en vèlo, en bus, en bus, en metro
Wks 4-5	Getting around in France. Students focus on different cities and regions in France Students focus on different places and shops Students focus on learning directions	Locate different cities in France Identify places, buildings, shops etc in a city, town, village Active learning - follow directions to find the different places/shops Explore objects from different shops - students identify which shop they find them in.	les points cardinaux: le nord, le sud, l'est, l'ouest les villes importantes, une ville, un village le centre-ville, la route, la rue, l'autoroute la piscine, la poste, la pharmacie,  Où se trouvela boulangerie, la boucherie, la chacuterie, la patisserie le marché, le supermarché? les directions- C'est en face de, à côté de, près de, entreet, , à droite,  Tournez à droite, à gauche Allez tout droit

Wks 6-8	A Taste of France Students focus on identifying French food and expressing their likes/ dislikes.	Revise French foods from KS3. Practise expressing preferences using verb aimer Role play requesting food using Qu'est-ce-que tu voudrais? Je voudrais Role play running and eating in a cafe	Est-ce-que tu aimes? J'aime Je n'aime pas le chocolat, le poisson, le poulet, le porc le pain au chocolat, le croissant, le pain grillé la banane, la pomme, la fraise, la framboise, l'orange
Wks 9-10	Fun & festivals in France Students focus on different sports / pastimes and learn about French festivals and celebrations	Explore different leisure / activities typical of France using the verbs jouer and faire Active learning - act out different sports etc and students guess which sport Explore different French festivals or sporting events e.g. Tour de France, Mardi Gras, Monaco Grand Prix, Cannes Film Festival/, Bastille Day	J'aime jouer au foot, au basket, au rugby, au tennis, au ping-pong, aux boules / à la pétanque J'aime faire du ski, du kayak, de la voile, J'aime jouer du piano, de la guitare, de la flute le Tour de France le grand prix de Monaco - la course automobile la fête du mardi gras, le festival de Cannes/ la Palme d'Or, un filme le quatorze juillet, la fête nationale française
Wks 11- 12	Famous French Artists Students learn about famous French artists and their paintings.	Students revise colours from KS3 - masculine and feminine forms Review that adjectives generally come after the noun and can change depending on the gender of the noun and whether it is singular or plural e.g. une sculpture blanche / des sculptures blanches un tableau blanc / des tableaus blanches Look at a map of Paris and locate the Louvre art museum and locate the Palais des Beaux Arts. Explore the Louvre online Students describe paintings e.g. the Mona Lisa Students learn about famous French painters and sculptors e.g. Claude Monet, Edgar Degas, Henri de Toulouse de Lautrec, Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Paul Cézanne, Henri Matisse, Auguste Rodin  https://www.louvre.fr/en/explore https://www.beauxartsparis.fr/en	le musée, un artiste, une artiste, un tableau, une sculpture, un sculpteur, une sculptrice le Musée du Louvre, le Palais des Beaux Arts j'aime faire de la peinture noir/noire, blanc /blanche, bleu/ bleue, vert/verte, jaune/jaune, marron/marron, orange/orange

	OU P 4-6	OU P 7-8	OU Step 1	OU Step 2	OU Step 3	OU Step 4
Key learning:MF	L - French - Intercult	ural Understandina				
Subject specific	Students know that food,	Students know that	Students know what	Students know some	Students know some	Students know some
knowledge  Intercultural Understanding  How to compare and contrast language and culture of other countries.	music and culture can be different.	different languages are spoken around the world.	English and some other languages sound and look like e.g Arabic  Students know that people speak different languages linked to their cultural heritage e.g. Cantonese, Portuguese, Urdu etc  Students know some people who speak specific languages.	festivals and celebrations from their own culture.  Students know the names or key elements of festivals and celebrations in France or another French speaking country / region.  Students know the name, shape or flag of France or other French speaking countries / regions.	symbols, objects and products associated with their own culture.  Students know some symbols, objects and products associated with France/ French speaking countries.	facts about schooling in some French speaking countries/ regions e.g. no RE in primary school  Students know some influences and role models for children in England and some French speaking countries/ regions e.g. TV programmes, media personalities.  Students know some cultural stereotypes about England and France/ French speaking countries.
						Students know aspects of another culture.
Subject specific skills  Intercultural Understanding  How to compare and contrast language and culture of other countries.	Students are able to show interest in sampling some food from another culture e.g croissants  Students are able to interest in listening to the music of another cuture.  Students are able to listen to other pupils or teachers using languages other than English.  Students are able to listen to extracts from texts written in languages other than English	Students are able to show an interest in the food of another culture.  Students are able to show an interest in the music of another culture.  Students are able to show an interest in languages.  Students are able to show an interest in different cultures	Students are able to identify countries where English is spoken.  Students are able to identify countries where French is spoken.  Students are able to identify countries where their home language is spoken.  Students are able to describe customs and practices at home and in France / French speaking countries.	Students are able to identify France or other French speaking countries / regions on a globe map.  Students are able to describe and compare elements of everyday life in England and in France or another French speaking country / region.  Students are able to compare traditional stories and practices of England and France or another French speaking country / region.	Students are able to identify and discuss aspects of everyday life from the perspective of someone from France or another French speaking country / region.  Students are able to describe similarities and differences between England, France and other countries.  Students are able to describe similarities and differences between cultures and practices in England, France and other countries.	Students are able to discuss similarities and differences in schooling in England and some French speaking countries/ regions.  Students are able to compare and contrast influences and role models for children in England and some French speaking countries/ regions.  Students are able to recognise similarities and differences between cultures and practices in England and some French

	Students are able to identify ways of travelling to France or other French speaking countries / regions.	Students are able to compare symbols, objects and products associated with their own culture with those of other countries.	speaking countries/ regions.  Students are able to discuss and challenge cultural stereotypes about England and France/ French speaking countries.  Students are able to present information about an aspect of another culture.
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	<u>OU P 4-6</u>	<u>OU P 7-8</u>	<u>OU Step 1</u>	<u>OU Step 2</u>	<u>OU Step 3</u>	<u>OU Step 4</u>
Key learning:MFI	L - French - Oracy / S	Speaking and Listening				
Subject specific knowledge Oracy /	Students know how to respond with support to activities and experiences in the French.	Students know how to respond briefly to a simple command in French.  Students know some key	Students know key words or phrases in French.  Students know some French phonemes that are	Students know how to respond appropriately to specific commands and questions in French.	Students know an increasing number of familiar words in French.  Students know a set of	Students know a wide range of words in French.  Students know short phrases and sentences in
speaking and listening.	Students know learned responses in activities and experiences in French.	words and phrases in French.	the same or different to English.	Students know whether a phoneme / sound in French is the same as in English.	sentences/ phrases on a familiar topic	French.
How to communicate ideas effectively.						
How to respond to others appropriately.						
Subject specific skills	Students are able to follow the sequence of a familiar routine in French.	Students are able to attempt to repeat some sounds heard in French.	Students are able to repeat key words or phrases in French.	Students are able to learn and say two or more sentences / phrases in French.	Students are able to use tone and gesture to support communication in French.	Students are able to use knowledge of familiar words to identify key information in passages
Oracy / speaking and listening.	Students are able to respond appropriately with support to activities	Students are able to carry out simple actions when prompted in the French	Students are able to use signs, symbols or gesture to answer questions in	Students are able to identify a range of	Students are able to use French to communicate	that contain unfamiliar language.
How to communicate	and experiences in French. Students are able to	and supported with sign and gestures.  Students are able to	French.  Students are able to use words, simple phrases or	phonemes / sounds used in French.  Students are able to take	agreement or disagreement to statements on familiar topics.	Students are able to memorise a short text in French.
ideas effectively.	begin to communicate intentionally using eye	respond to others in a group setting in French.	short sentences to answer questions in French.	part in simple role play in French.	Students are able to use French to communicate	Students are able to plan and participate in a role play on a familiar topic.

How to respond to others appropriately.	contact, gesture or action in sessions using French.		Students are able to use words, simple phrases or short sentences to ask questions.		preferences in discussions on familiar topics.  Students are able to use knowledge of familiar words to identify key information in phrases that contain unfamiliar language.  Students are able to present a set of sentences/ phrases on a familiar topic.	Students are able to use simple familiar language to rephrase more complex sentences/ phrases. Students participate in simple conversations on familiar topics.
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	<u>OU P 4-6</u>	<u>OU P 7-8</u>	OU Step 1	OU Step 2	OU Step 3	OU Step 4
Key learning:MF  Subject specific knowledge  Reading  How to infer. How to understand how language is used. How to understand how structure is used How to compare.	Students know what some key words in French or another language look like.	Students know some French words that are similar to English.  Students know that some letters and accents are different to English e.g. é, ç	Students know a small range of French words.  Students know to pronounce the é, as the ay and the ç as the s sound.	Students know a wider range of French words found in a range of short texts.  Students know some common spelling patterns in French e.g Allez, venez	Students know how negative statements are formed in French e.g. Je ne joue jamais au football.  Students know that the order of words in a sentence influences the meaning.	Students know key words identify in a range of different text types in French.
Subject specific skills  Reading  How to infer. How to understand how language is used.	Students are able to experience familiar words or phrases in French.  Students are able to explore familiar words in French, supported by pictures or symbols.	Students are able to find a familiar word in a French text.  Students are able to find a new word in a French text.  Students are able to explore a dictionary with others.	Students are able to pronounce accurately French letters/ phonemes that are similar to English.  Students are able to attempt to pronounce letters/ phonemes in French that are different to English.	Students are able to match pictures/symbols to written phrases in French.  Students are able to identify familiar French words / headings in a range of short texts.	Students are able to read short phrases and sentences in French.  Students are able to read and answer questions in French using simple words, symbols or pictures.	Students are able to confirm if a statement about a written French text is true or false.  Students are able to read a wide range of texts in French.  Students are able to read and understand the

structure is used How to compare.  text with others in French.  Students are able to explore a familiar text in French, supported by pictures or symbols.  Structure is used text with others in French.  French.  Structure is used French.  French.  French.  Structure is used French.	tudents are able to ead aloud a familiar rench phrase or entence.  Students are able to words.  Students are able to attempt to pronounce familiar French words accurately.  Students are able to attempt to pronounce familiar French words accurately.  Students are able to identify common spelling patterns in French.	Students are able to use a bilingual dictionary to check the meaning of unfamiliar words.	main points of a French text on a familiar subject.  Students are able to read and understand some detail in a French text.
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	<u>OU P 4-6</u>	<u>OU P 7-8</u>	OU Step 1	OU Step 2	OU Step 3	OU Step 4
Key learning:MF	L - French - Writing					
Subject specific knowledge  Writing  How to plan a text in French. What good looks like: appropriate form, language and structure. How to edit. How to proof read.	Students know some key words in French or another language.	Students know that a bilingual dictionary has entries listed English in one section and in another language in another section.  Students know that a bilingual dictionary has a section of key vocabulary and how to from the verbs.  Students know how to form some letters and accents particular to French e.g. é, ç	Students know the grapheme that corresponds to some French phonemes e.g. é and ay  Students know how to write some single words in French from memory.	Students know how to write a range of words from memory	Students know how to form a question by changing the order of words in a sentence.  Students know how to use a bilingual dictionary to check the spelling of familiar words.	Students know how to form a simple sentence in the negative in French.  Students know how to correctly use punctuation to convey meaning.  Students know how to use a bilingual dictionary to check the spelling of words and the conjugation of verbs in French.
Subject specific skills Writing How to plan a text in French.	Students are able to experience familiar words or phrases in the French.  Students are able to explore familiar words in	Students are able to copy letters and accents particular to French.  Students are able to copy the target language word that accompanies a picture/symbol.	Students are able to match French words to pictures / symbols.  Students are able to write the initial letter /grapheme for the	Students are able to match French phrases to pictures / symbols.  Students are able to use familiar words to complete a short French	Students are able to create a sentence in French using single word cards.  Students place words in the correct order in a sentence in French.	Students are able to form a simple sentence in the negative.  Students are able to correctly use punctuation to convey meaning in French.

like: appropriate form, language and structure. How to edit. How to proof read.	Students are able to experience with others a familiar text in French.  Students are able to explore a familiar text in French, supported by pictures or symbols.	Students are able to match words in the target language.  Students are able to place pictures/symbols in the correct order.  Students are able to look for words in a bilingual dictionary.	French words.  Students are able to begin to match French phonemes to the corresponding grapheme.  Students are able to use a model to write simple, familiar words that use letters/ phonemes that are similar to English.  Students are able to use a model to write simple, familiar words that use	Students are able to use a model to write short phrases with words with letters/ phonemes that are similar to English.  Students are able to use a model to write short phrases with some words that use letters/ phonemes that are particular to the target language.	Students are able to change the order of words in a sentence to form a question.  Students are able to create a short text in French using word and phrase cards.  Students are able to use a bilingual dictionary to check the spelling of familiar words.	Students are able to use a model to create a short text in French on a range of topics.  Students are able to use a bilingual dictionary to check how to write a phrase or sentence in French.
	KS4 anly		familiar words that use letters/ phonemes that are particular to French.			

## <u>Personal</u> <u>development</u>

#### KS4 only

Problem solving-

Resolving ways to effectively communicate information in a different language

Communication skills-

Asking appropriate questions and listening to responses,

Self-belief-

Finding ways to get message across

Self-management-

Linked to independent research tasks selecting appropriate information and planning and drafting material.

Team Work-

Working together to understand and communicate in another language.

## Suggested activities

See suggested flow of learning e.g. explore globes and maps, role play, charades, play boules/la pétanque

# Online resources / Apps

https://www.bbc.co.uk/languages/french/

https://www.completefrance.com/home/improve-your-french-language-skills-with-21-free-resources-1-6963222.

Google maps

Duolingo, Gus French

# Evidencing Work

All task, planning and evidence sheets need to be levelled in accordance with the rubric, students need to self-assess and work needs to be put in student books/ folders with next steps identified Audio and video performances need to be recorded and formatted within Book Creator.