KS4 Maths

Properties of number including addition, subtraction and early algebra

Subject curriculum intent:

this topic:

This half term, pupils will develop their core number skills through counting, partitioning, adding and subtracting. Mathematic lessons will that where the pupil is at; building on knowledge and skills gained in KS3. Throughout the academic year, they will continue to develop, use and apply their number skills in all other mathematical topics. For example, statistics, measure, multiplication. There will always be a key link to number skills.

In addition to this, pupils will also be using and applying their number skills in other areas of the curriculum but also in their day to day lives as functional maths skills.

Pupils:

- 1. develop **fluency** in the fundamentals of mathematics so that they are efficient in using and selecting the appropriate strategies to <u>calculate number problems</u> including mental methods, underpinned by mathematical concepts
- 2. can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of problems with increasing sophistication, including in unfamiliar contexts and to model real-life scenarios
- 3. can **reason mathematically** by following a line of enquiry and develop and present a justification, argument or proof using mathematical language.

In all math lessons, teachers plan engaging lessons with the aim that pupils:

- master skills in maths which they are then able to apply to a range of contexts within the school and home context
- embed their new skills and understanding to a range of contexts; thus supporting application and progress in learning
- acquire core mathematical skills to support their independence as they progress through the school
- are able to apply their understanding; supporting them in other areas of the curriculum

End of KS5 intent/outcome End of KS3 intent/outcome End of KS4 intent/outcome Pupils will revisit number skills from the Pupils will revisit their number skills from the Pupils will use and apply their number skills in previous year. They will use identified previous year, ensuring they have maintained skills. functional ways, ready for adulthood as they are strategies that utilise concrete and pictorial Pupils will revisit the topics within number at higher approaching the end of their time at North Ridge. representation to be able to master these levels' where the knowledge and skills related to For example, pupils will be calculating stock needed skills. the number topic are more complex. in the café, shop and manufacturing as well as Pupils will be introduced to conceptual and Pupils will also be using and applying their number calculating the number of items needed when skills in other areas of the vocational curriculum procedural variation to support them in using shopping for items in the super market. and applying their number skills in different such as in café baking. ways. Intent for We want our pupils to develop functional number skills throughout their time at North Ridge. Whatever the ability of the pupil, we want

be being able to count required items in a shopping list, pack items of clothing for a trip away, setting the table and so on.

them to be able to use and apply their core number skills in a range of ways to support them in being as independent as possible. This may

Key	Number, count, more than, less than, how many?, quantity, add, addition, subtract, subtraction, minus, plus, equal, number sentence, partition, tens, ones, hundreds, thousands, sum, total, altogether	
taught within this	+ - = < >	
topic:		
Links to	-Café baking	
other	-DofE	
subjects:	-P.E	
	-Design Technology	
	-Science	
	Note: number skills are built on throughout the school day, including being in every-day routines.	

Number: number and place value

	<u>B2 P 5</u>	<u>B2 P 6-8</u>	B2step 1c-1b	B2Step 1b-2c	B2Step 2c-2a	B2Step 2a-3a
<u>Subject</u>	To know numbers to	To know numbers to	To know the order of	To know numbers 1-	<u>To know</u> 3s, 4s	<u>To know</u> 7, 8, 50
specific	5 inc. their name	10 inc. their name and	numbers 1-20	100 including their	and 6s times	and 100 times
<u>knowledge</u>	and shape	shape (then numbers		name and shape	tables; counting on	tables.
		to 20 - PS8)	To know key words		and their	
What do	To know the order		'more' and 'less'		corresponding	<u>To know</u> 10 or 100
pupils need	of numbers to 5	To know the order of		To know 2s, 5s and	multiplication	more and less than
to know?		numbers to 10 (then	To know one more and	10s times tables;	number sentence	a given number;
	To know to only	numbers to 20 - PS8)	one less of a given	counting on and		knowing to use
	touch each object		number 1-20	knowing their	To know how many	partitioning
	once as they count	To know one more and		corresponding	tens and ones a 2-	method or times
		one less of a given	To know which	multiplication number	digit number has.	tables
	<u>To know</u> re-	number 1-20	direction to move	sentences		
	arranging objects		along the number line		<u>To know</u>	To know and
	does not change the	<u>To know</u> ordinal	to find one more and		comparative	identify any 3
	quantity	numbers 1st 2nd and	one less of a number	To know and use the	symbols: < = and >	digit/4-digit
		3 rd		language 'equal to,		number.
	To know the last			more than and less		
	number counted			than (fewer)		To know how many
	represents the total			correctly		hundreds tens and
	number of objects					ones are needed
						for a 3-digit

						number
						To know how many thousands, hundreds ,tens and ones are needed for a 4-digit number ThHTO
Subject specific skills What do pupils need to be able to do?	Is able to rote count to 5 fluently Is able to count given quantities to 5 Is able to count out a quantity asked for to 5 Is able to find numbers to 5 Is able to represent numbers to 5 using objects or fingers Is able to write numbers to 5	Is able to count to 10 fluently (then to 20) Is able to identify any mistakes when counting or recognise a missing number Is able to order a full set of numbers to 10 (then 20) Is able to order a random set of numbers to 10 e.g. 2-6-10 (then to 20) Is able to state the order of objects in a range of scenarios e.g. I came 1st in the race	Is able to read and write numerals to 20 Is able to represent numbers using quantity of objects Is able to move forwards and backwards along a number line	Is able to count to 100 Is able to count forwards and backwards from any given number Is able to read and write any numeral 1-100 Is able to count in multiples of 2s, 5s, and 10s	Is able to count in 3s, 4s and 6s; starting from 0. Is able to partition tens and ones in a 2 digit number. TO Is able to count forwards and backwards in 10s from any number Is able to compare and order numbers 0-100 using: < > = symbols	Is able to count 7, 8, 50 and 100 times tables. Is able to count 10 or 100 more and less than a given number. Is able to read and write numbers to 1000 (including words) Is able to compare and order 3-4 digit numbers using words and mathematical symbols

Suggested	Counting songs	Counting	Numicon number lines	Number square - find	Counting wheels on	Place value	
teaching activities	Counting stories Passing objects around the classroom Collecting and counting items needed for a task Statistics - sorting and counting information	songs/stories Numicon number lines Ordering number cards Counting food harvested from the allotment Numicon Statistics - sorting and counting information Counting how many items sold at Café baking / how many customers entered the café.	Number flashcards Write numbers in foam/sand/gloop Collecting correct number of objects/leaves/fruit/ veg Statistics - sorting and counting information	the number game Count on using fingers (large number in head and count on small number using fingers) Timetable songs/storiesCountin g wheels on number of bikes (x2) representing times tables visually Give a colour / shape a specific number e.g. 2 = green Count up in 2s for number of green balls found- link to multiples Statistics - sorting and counting information	bike (x2) lights on traffic light (x3) or wheels on car (x4) - visual representation of timetables Number squares to count on and backwards in 10s and find patterns Overlapping partition cards ITP partitioning (google) Crocodile teeth for < and > symbols Count crop from two different patches/bushes/pl ants. Decide which has more/less using '< and >' symbols Count down timer in 10s from given number to find object in the room - competition Numicon	Cuisenaire	

Number: addition and subtraction

	<u>B2 P 5</u>	<u>B2 P 6-8</u>	B2step 1c-1b	B2Step 1b-2c	B2Step 2c-2a	<u>B2Step 2a-3a</u>
<u>Subject</u>	To know and be	To know symbols: +, -	<u>To know</u> what a	To know and recall all	<u>To know</u> addition	To know how to
specific	familiar with the	& =,	number bond is	number bonds to 20	of numbers can be	use formal written
knowledge	word 'add'				done in any order	methods for
		To know to count	To know and recall all			addition and
What do	To know 'add' means	altogether / how	number bonds to 10	To know how to use	<u>To know</u> the	subtraction of 3
pupils need	the same as 'more'	many left after a		the counting on	inverse of addition	or 4 digit numbers
to know?				method (for either		

		To know and be	calculation using	<u>To know</u> what	addition or	is subtractionand	ThHTO (right to
_		familiar with the	concrete resources	strategy to use to	subtraction)	vice versa	left)
		word 'take'		calculate a missing	e.g. 11 + 7 =		
			To know to count on	number bond.	12,13,14,15,16,17,18		
		To know and be	from first number	e.g. 7 + ? = 10	0 04 40		
		familiar with the	being added (not		Or 21 - 19 =		
		word 'subtract'	starting from the		20,21 (=2)		
			beginning)				
					To know how to use		
		<u>To know</u>	To know to count on		the counting		
		'subtract/take'	from the largest		backwards method		
		means the same as	number being added		for subtraction		
		'less'	(for efficiency)				
		_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			To know which		
		To be familiar with			strategy to use to		
		appearance of			calculate an addition		
		symbols + and -			or subtraction		
					number sentence and		
					which is the most		
		T 11 1	T 11 .	T 11	efficient.	T 11 . 11 1	T
	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Is able to</u> connect	<u>Is able to</u> use	<u>Is able to</u> read and	<u>Is able to</u> represent	<u>Is able to</u> add and	<u>Is able to</u> use
	specific	(add) cubes to a	concrete resources,	write number	number bonds to 20	subtract:	mental arithmetic
	<u>skills</u>	tower	to add two single	sentence using the	-	- 1digit from	to add and
		T 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	digit numbers	correct symbols (+, -	<u>Is able to</u> add and	2digit or 2digit	subtract:
	What do	<u>Is able to</u> take off	T. (1)	and =)	subtract 1-2 digit	from 2digit	3/4-digit numbers
	pupils need	(subtract) cubes	<u>Is able to</u> use	Ta abla ta manna annt	numbers from 1-2	e.g.: 63 - 9 =	and ones, 3-digit
	to be able	from a tower	language: add,	<u>Is able to</u> represent	digit numbers to 20	75 + 21 =	number and tens,
	to do?	To the col	subtract, more, less,	number bonds to 10	including 0		3/4-digit number
		<u>Is able to</u> place	altogether	using a variety of	T. (1.)	T. (1) . (and hundreds
		more items onto a	Ta -1-1- 44-	concrete resources.	<u>Is able to</u> solve one	<u>Is able to</u> solve	e.g. 514 + 200
		pile	Is able to count on to	Ta abla to add and	step problems in	simple problems	Ta abla ta waa
		Ta abla ta namaya	calculate addition of	<u>Is able to</u> add and	number sentences e.g. 7 = 9 - ?	arithmetic	<u>Is able to</u> use formal written
		<u>Is able to</u> remove items from a pile	two single digits	subtract one digits numbers from 1-2	1-9-9	ariinmeiic	methods for
		Trems from a pile	<u>Is able to</u> remove an	digit number to 20	<u>Is able to</u> solve one	<u>Is able to</u> solve	addition and
		<u>Is able to</u> pick up	and objects and count	aigh humber to 20	step worded problems	addition and	subtraction of 3
		numerous objects	how many now to 10		Trep wor ded problems	subtraction	digit numbers
		when asked for 2	How many now to 10			problems using	ThHTO
		(understanding it is	<u>Is able to</u> read an			pictorial / jotting	THETTO
		more than one)	addition / subtraction			methods	
		more mun one)	number sentence			independently	
<u>[</u> 			Humber Settlefice			macpendentry	

				<u>Is able to</u>
	<u>Is able to represent a</u> calculation using a simple		<u>Is able to</u> use knowledge inverse of addition and	estimate calculations
	addition/subtraction		subtraction to	<u>Is able to</u> use
	number sentence. (P8-1C)		find missing numbers in a	inverse operations to check answers
	(10-10)		number sentence	
			(early algebra)	<u>Is able to</u> solve problems
				including: missing
				number, number
				facts and place value
				(early algebra)

ggested	Make towers by	Adding objects	Numberbond rainbow	Numicon	Place value	Place value
aching tivities	adding bricks together Destroy towers by taking bricks away Collect MORE leaves/fruit/veg/soi I from outside Placing more items into showing trolley Taking items out of a showing trolley "add" or "subtract"balls into ball suction tube	together (can be done using leaves/fruit/veg) Use addition box to add objects Add numicon pieces together Use fingers to count on Frog jumps on number line (on floor or numicon number line) Subtraction dentist teeth Subtract number of leaves/veg/fruit from a patch Algebra number sentences Statistics - combining information / comparing information	Numicon pieces to represent number bonds to 10 (photocopy 10 piece for underneath) Bead strings for number bonds - can make bead string using large seeds Subtract objects Frog jumps backwards on numberline Create number sentences with shape blocks Statistics - combining information / comparing information	numberbonds to 20 Numicon addition/subtraction Frog jumps on number line Create number bonds with shape blocks	Cuisenaire Early algebra number sentences	Cuisenaire Early algebra number sentences