KS3 MFL: My Family Spring term 1 2024

Article 28: I have the right to an education

Spring Term	1 2024				
Subject	In learning a modern foreign language students will develop their knowl	edge and understanding of another language and culture. Students will develop an			
curriculum		ess of cultural differences in other countries and a greater understanding of			
intent:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and listening skills and gain a better understanding of the French language and its			
	grammar system.				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	their family in French. They will also apply their knowledge of how to count to ten.			
	Students will know and understand how to:				
	· ask and answer basic questions;				
	use correct pronunciation and intonation;memorise words;				
	· interpret meaning;				
	· understand some basic grammar;				
	work in pairs and groups, and communicate in the other language;				
	· look at life in another culture.				
End of KS3	intent/outcome	End of KS4 intent/outcome			
Students will be able to understand and participate in simple conversations		Students develop their knowledge and understanding of France and			
held in the French language.		French culture and compare with another country outside the UK.			
Students will be able to describe themselves in French. They will be able to		Students build upon the knowledge in skills in using the French languag			
learn and us	e key vocabulary for body parts and adjectives.	to apply this to learning Spanish and learning about Spanish culture.			
Intent for	This half term, pupils will be developing their French skills thro	ugh learning how to describe themselves. They will be able to use key			
this topic:	vocabulary to name their body parts and describe them using ad	jectives.			
Key	ÀÂÇÈÉÊÔÔÙÛ, à âçéèêîôù û (Accents not usually use	d on capital letters except À)			
vocabulary	Topic specific vocabulary:				
taught	ma famille, mon père, mon papa, mon frère mon grand-père, ma r	nère, ma maman, ma soeur, ma grand-mère			
within this		y-a-t-il chez toi? Qui habite avec toi? Qui habite dans ta maison? un/une			
topic:	deux trois quatre cing six sept huit neuf dix				
Links to	English: Macbeth (families). RE: What does it mean to be in a faith com	nmunity? History: Kings and Queens (Royal families)			
other	RRS Articles:				
subjects:	Article 8: I have the right to an identify				
- 22,00.0					
	Article 13: I have the right to find and share information				

	B2 P S	tep 4-6	B2 P Step 7-8	B2 Step 1	B2 Step 2	B2 Step 3	B2 Step 4
Key Learning Stran	d: Listening and re	sponding					

Subject specific knowledge Listening and responding What do pupils need to know?	Students know some of the key so the French language. Students know some rhymes and some french language. Students know and are familiar with numbers in French	know or are fam with some key w (family member phrases in the t language: th key - la famille, - un père - mon papa, - mon frère - mon grand-pèr - ma mère, - ma maman - ma soeur - ma grand-mère - un/une - deux - trois	few familiar spoken words words (family members) and phrases in French -Chez moi -Il y a - la famille, - un père - mon papa, - mon frère - mon grand-père, - ma mère, - ma maman - ma soeur - ma grand-mère - un/une - deux - trois	Students know a range of familiar spoken words (family members) and phrases in French - J'ai - la famille - un père /papa, - mon frère - mon grand- père, - ma mère, /maman - ma soeur - ma grand- mère - un/une - deux, - trois	Students know some short phrases: - Est-ce que tu as des frères? / , des soeurs? Oui. J'aifrères, Non. Je n'ai pas de.frères, Jj'habite avec mon père et ma mère	Students know most of the familiar language used in short spoken passages, repeated if necessary e.g. Combien de personnes habite dans ta maison? Il y a six personnes dands ma maison. Qui habite avec toi? Qui habite dans ta maison?
Subject specific	Students begin to repeat, copy or			Students are	Students are able to	Students understand
skills Listening and responding What do pupils need to be able to do?	Students are able to perform famsimple actions on request using repsign or gesture as prompts. Students are able to listen and mato familiar rhymes and songs in a flanguage.	liar or about their fam netition, Students are at listen, attend to follow familiar	understand speech spoken clearly, face to face or from a good-quality recording. With support such as gesture and repetition, students are able to respond to familiar words or short phrases.	able to translate a range of familiar phrases spoken clearly and repeated if needed.	translate the main points from short, spoken passages that use familiar language. Students are able to identify and note personal responses to short spoken passages.	and translate some detail from spoken passages that use familiar language in short simple sentences.
Key Learning Strai						
	B2 P Step 3-4 B2 P S	<u>B2 P Step 7</u>	<u>7-8 B2 Step 1</u>	<u>B2 Step 2</u>	B2 Step 3	<u>B2 Step 4</u>

Subject specific knowledge Speaking What do pupils need to know?	Students know when they are expected to respond to a familiar person, activity, object or word. Students know learned responses over more extended periods.	Students know some simple one or two word questions in French	Students know one or two simple classroom commands. Students know that some French words sounds similar to English	Students know the single words and short simple phrases to use in response to what they see and hear	Students know how to answer simple questions and provide basic information. They know how to respond to what they see and hear, and know some set phrases. Students know the sound patterns of the French language	Students know the vocabulary and structure used to form simple questions in French. Students know some key questions in French with the support of visual cues.	Students have a growing knowledge of the grammar of the French language. Students know which words they can substitute in a phrase or sentence.
Subject specific	Students begin to	Students are able to	Students are able to	With visual	Students are able	Students are able to	Students are able to
<u>skills</u>	communicate intentionally in MFL	attempt one or two words in the French	respond briefly to one or two simple	clues and other support,	to answer simple questions and give	ask and answer simple questions and	take part in simple conversations,
	sessions, seeking	language in response	classroom commands	students are	basic information.	talk about their	supported by visual or
<u>Speaking</u>	attention through	to cues in a song or	using single words,	able to say	They give short,	interests.	other cues, and
	eye contact, gesture or action.	familiar phrase.	signs or symbols.	single words and short	simple responses to what they see and	Students are able to	express their opinions.
	or derion.	Students are able to	With some support,	simple phrases	hear, and use set	participate in brief	оринона.
What do pupils	Students are able to	respond to simple	students <u>are able to</u>	in response to	phrases. Their	prepared tasks, using	Students are able to
need to be able	request events or activities, by using	questions, requests or instructions about	use a 1-3 word string	what they see and hear.	pronunciation shows an awareness of	visual or other clues to help them initiate	begin to use their knowledge of
to do?	gesture or by	familiar events or	for a purpose,	and near.	the sound patterns	and respond.	grammar to adapt and
	pointing at objects	experiences possibly	Students are able to	Students are	of the French		substitute single
	and people familiar to them in MFL	responding through vocalisation, sign or	begin to describe their family using a	<u>able to attempt</u> to pronounce	language and their meaning is clear.	Students are able to use short learned	words and phrases.
	sessions.	gesture.	single French word	words	meaning is clear.	phrases to express	Students are able to
				correctly.	Student are able to	personal responses.	generally pronounce
	Students are able to follow the sequence	Students are able to		Ctudouta one	talk to each other	Ctudouta one oble to	words accurately and they show some
	of a familiar routine	respond to others in a group using		Students are able to begin to	about their family in French using a	Students are able to occasionally	consistency in their
	in MFL sessions and	repetition, gesture,		talk to each	familiar phrase	substitute items of	intonation.
	respond accordingly.	facial expression and/or intonation to		other about their family		vocabulary to vary questions or	
		enhance meaning.		using a familiar		statements.	
				phrase			
		Students are able to communicate				Students are able to use and apply other	
		positives and				French vocabulary	
		negatives in response				they know when using	
		to simple questions.				numbers e.g. number of food items	
Key Learning Stran	d: Reading and res	ponding					
	B2 P Step 3-4	B2 P Step 5-6	B2 P Step 7-8	B2 Step 1	B2 Step 2	B2 Step 3	B2 Step 4

Subject specific knowledge Reading and responding What do pupils need to know?		Students know a few familiar words, actions or objects presented in the French language.	Students know a number of key words in French.	Students know a few familiar words and phrases presented in clear script in a familiar context.	Students know some written phrases that are familiar to them Students know that they can use books, glossaries or dictionaries to find out the meanings of new words.	Students know what are the main points and personal responses in short written texts in clear printed script made up of familiar language in simple sentences. Students know how to use a bilingual dictionary or glossary to look up new words.	Students know some of the detail in short written texts in clear printed script made up of familiar language in simple sentences. Students know they can use context to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words
Subject specific skills Reading and responding What do pupils need to be able to do?	Students begin to respond to options and choices with actions or gestures, Students are able to show or give an object in response to a request written in the target language.	Students are able to match and select symbols for familiar words, actions or objects presented in the French language.	With the support of visual cues if needed, students are able to read out a few familiar words presented in clear script in a familiar context.	With the support of visual cues if needed, students are able to read out a few familiar words and phrases presented in clear script in a familiar context.	Students are able to read and understand familiar written phrases. Students are able to match sound to print by reading aloud familiar words and phrases. Students are able to use books, glossaries or dictionaries to find out the meanings of new words.	Students are able to show that they understand the main points and personal responses in short written texts in clear printed script made up of familiar language in simple sentences. Students are beginning to read independently, selecting simple texts and using a bilingual dictionary or glossary to look up new words	Students are able to show that they understand the main points and some of the detail in short written texts from familiar contexts. When reading on their own, as well as using a bilingual dictionary or glossary, students begin to use context to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words
Key Learning Them	e: Writing				L		
	<u>B2 P Step 3-4</u>	<u>B2 P Step 5-6</u>	<u>B2 P Step 7-8</u>	B2 Step 1	B2 Step 2	B2 Step 3	B2 Step 4
Subject specific knowledge What do pupils need to know? Writing	Students know one or two familiar words, symbols or objects presented in the French language.	Students know some familiar words, symbols, actions or objects presented in the French language.	Students know how to write a number of key words.	Students know how to form letters used in the French alphabet.	Students know how to form a simple sentence in the French language.	Students have a repertoire of a few key French phrases.	Students know an increasingly wide range of vocabulary in French. Students have a growing knowledge of the grammar of the French language. Students know how to use dictionaries

Writing Students are able to label items and select appropriate words to complete short phrases or sentences. Students are able to label items and write familiar short phrases correctly. Students are able to label items and write familiar short phrases correctly. Students are able to label items and write familiar short phrases correctly. Students are able to label items and write familiar short phrases correctly. Students write short phrases from memory and their spell words in a manner that is understandable. Students are able to draw largely on memorised language. Students write short phrases from memory and their spell words in a manner that is understandable. Students are able to draw largely on memorised language. Students begin to use dictionaries or glossaries to check words they have learnt.	Writing approximate to the correct form. Students are able to label items and select approximate to the correct form. Students are able to write personal approximate to the correct form. Students are able to write personal approximate to the correct form.
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teaching activities How should I teach this?

- Paired interviews / hot seating
- Role play situations
- Use ICT, sound buttons etc
- Use French texts eg Grand Monstre Vert, Couleurs etc

Resources

Espresso -

Take 10 French Phonics

Take 10 French activities

Interactive Velcro family tree

Family members puppets

Interactive Velcro body and faces

Interactive dice & various themed inserts

Beret

Boules

French Games & activities

Puppets

Evidencing Work
Photographic & video evidence
Differentiated worksheets