## KS4 Cultural studies: French, France and its culture

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Subject curriculum intent:	In this unit students will develop their knowledge and understanding of another language and culture. Students will develop an interest in learning other language. Students will develop their awareness of cultural differences in other countries and a greater understanding of cultural practices in this country. Students will develop their speaking and listening skills and gain a better understanding of the English language and its grammar system.					
	Students will know and understand how to: • ask and answer basic questions; • use correct pronunciation and intonation; • memorise words; • interpret meaning; • understand some basic grammar; • work in pairs and groups, and communicate in the other language • look at life in another culture.	ge;				
End of KS3	intent/outcome	End of KS4 intent/outcome				
held in the I	ill be able to understand and participate in simple conversations French language. ill have a basic knowledge and understanding of France and ure.	Students develop their knowledge and understanding of France and Frer culture and compare with another country outside the UK. In Year 2, students build upon the knowledge in skills in using the French language to apply this to learning Spanish and learning about Spanish culture.				
Intent for this topic:		swer basic questions in French. They will use correct pronunciation and ne basic grammar; work in pairs and groups and communicate in French. ences and similarities with their own culture.				
Key vocabulary taught within this topic:	Language specific characters: À Â Ç È É Ê Ô Ô Œ Ù Û, à â ç è é ê ô œ ù û (Accents not usually used on capital letters except À <u>Keywords</u> - See Flow of Learning (feminine words are in a red font & masculine words are in a blue font to help learn the gender of the nouns)					
Links to other subjects:		arities and differences between people				

## Subject: MFL - French, France and its Culture

Suggested Flow of Learning

Term: Autumn Term 2023/24

Wks	Focus	Main activities	Key vocabulary
Wks 1-3	Where is France?	Students explore what languages people speak in the world	le globe, le monde, la terre
	Who speaks French? Students focus on France and other French speaking countries, Belgium,	other than English Students discuss why these countries speak French Students locate France on map and discuss how they would travel there. Active learning – students move across globe/classroom to different countries, move in way reflecting method of	Combien de continents y-a-t-il? Il y a cinq continents: l'Europe, l'Asie, l'Afrique, l'Amérique et l'Océanie. Est-ce-que tu peux situer les pays? la France est un pays en Europe la Belgique, le Luxembourg, la Suisse, le Canada, la Côte d'Ivoire, la République du Congo, le
	Luxembourg, Switzerland, Monaco, Canada, Ivory Coast, Democratic Republic of Congo, Cameroon, Senegal, Haiti etc	transport Identify similarities with English - capital letters for names Identify differences with English - é (ay), à, ô Identify false friends - faux amis - un car is a coach not a car Note adjectives generally come after the noun le mont Blanc - the white mount, les fleuves principaux - the main rivers	Cameroun, le Sénégal, le Haiti la capitale de la France est Paris les fleuves principaux sont la Seine, la Rhone, la Loire et la Garonne les montagnes - les Alpes, les Pyrénées, le mont Blanc les moyens de transport- voyager en avion, en bateau, en voiture, à pied, en vèlo, en bus, en bus, en metro
Wks 4-5	Getting around in France. Students focus on different cities and regions in France Students focus on different places and shops Students focus on learning directions	Locate different cities in France Identify places, buildings, shops etc in a city, town, village Active learning - follow directions to find the different places/shops Explore objects from different shops - students identify which shop they find them in.	les points cardinaux: le nord, le sud, l'est, l'ouest les villes importantes, une ville, un village le centre-ville, la route, la rue, l'autoroute la piscine, la poste, la pharmacie, Où se trouvela boulangerie, la boucherie, la chacuterie, la patisserie le marché, le supermarché? les directions- C'est en face de, à côté de, près de, entreet, , à droite, Tournez à droite, à gauche Allez tout droit

Wks 6-8	<b>A Taste of France</b> Students focus on	Revise French foods from KS3. Practise expressing preferences using verb aimer	Est-ce-que tu aimes? J'aime Je n'aime pas le chocolat, le poisson, le poulet, le porc
	identifying French food and expressing their likes/ dislikes.	Role play requesting food using Qu'est-ce-que tu voudrais? Je voudrais Role play running and eating in a cafe	le pain au chocolat, le croissant, le pain grillé la banane, la pomme, la fraise, la framboise, l'orange
Wks 9-10	Fun & festivals in France Students focus on different sports / pastimes and learn about French festivals and celebrations	Explore different leisure / activities typical of France using the verbs jouer and faire Active learning - act out different sports etc and students guess which sport Explore different French festivals or sporting events e.g. Tour de France, Mardi Gras, Monaco Grand Prix, Cannes Film Festival/, Bastille Day	J'aime jouer au foot, au basket, au rugby, au tennis, au ping-pong, aux boules / à la pétanque J'aime faire du ski, du kayak, de la voile, J'aime jouer du piano, de la guitare, de la flute le Tour de France le grand prix de Monaco - la course automobile la fête du mardi gras, le festival de Cannes/ la Palme d'Or, un filme le quatorze juillet, la fête nationale française
Wks 11- 12	Famous French Artists Students learn about famous French artists and their paintings.	Students revise colours from KS3 - masculine and feminine forms Review that adjectives generally come after the noun and can change depending on the gender of the noun and whether it is singular or plural e.g. une sculpture blanche / des sculptures blanches un tableau blanc / des tableaus blanches Look at a map of Paris and locate the Louvre art museum and locate the Palais des Beaux Arts. Explore the Louvre online Students describe paintings e.g. the Mona Lisa Students learn about famous French painters and sculptors e.g. Claude Monet, Edgar Degas, Henri de Toulouse de Lautrec, Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Paul Cézanne, Henri Matisse, Auguste Rodin https://www.louvre.fr/en/explore https://www.beauxartsparis.fr/en	le musée, un artiste, une artiste, un tableau, une sculpture, un sculpteur, une sculptrice le Musée du Louvre, le Palais des Beaux Arts j'aime faire de la peinture noir/noire, blanc /blanche, bleu/ bleue, vert/verte, jaune/jaune, marron/marron, orange/orange

	OU P Step 4-6	<u>OU P Step 7-8</u>	<u>OU Step 1</u>	<u>OU Step 2</u>	<u>OU Step 3</u>	<u>OU Step 4</u>
Key learning:MF	L - French - Intercult	ural Understanding				
Subject specific knowledge Intercultural Understanding How to compare and contrast language and culture of other countries.	<u>Students know</u> that food, music and culture can be different.	<u>Students know</u> that different languages are spoken around the world.	<u>Students know</u> what English and some other languages sound and look like e.g Arabic <u>Students know</u> that people speak different languages linked to their cultural heritage e.g. Cantonese, Portuguese, Urdu etc <u>Students know</u> some people who speak specific languages.	<u>Students know</u> some festivals and celebrations from their own culture. <u>Students know</u> the names or key elements of festivals and celebrations in France or another French speaking country / region. <u>Students know</u> the name, shape or flag of France or other French speaking countries / regions.	<u>Students know</u> some symbols, objects and products associated with their own culture. <u>Students know</u> some symbols, objects and products associated with France/ French speaking countries.	Students know some facts about schooling in some French speaking countries/ regions e.g. no RE in primary school <u>Students know</u> some influences and role models for children in England and some French speaking countries/ regions e.g. TV programmes, media personalities. <u>Students know</u> some cultural stereotypes about England and France/ French speaking countries.
Subject specific skills Intercultural Understanding How to compare and contrast language and culture of other countries.	Students are able to show interest in sampling some food from another culture e.g croissantsStudents are able to interest in listening to the music of another cuture.Students are able to listen to other pupils or teachers using languages other than English.Students are able to listen to extracts from texts written in languages other than English	Students are able to show an interest in the food of another culture. Students are able to show an interest in the music of another culture. Students are able to show an interest in languages. Students are able to show an interest in different cultures	Students are able to identify countries where English is spoken.Students are able to identify countries where French is spoken.Students are able to identify countries where their home language is spoken.Students are able to identify countries where their home language is spoken.Students are able to describe customs and practices at home and in France / French speaking countries.	Students are able to identify France or other French speaking countries / regions on a globe map. Students are able to describe and compare elements of everyday life in England and in France or another French speaking country / region. Students are able to compare traditional stories and practices of England and France or another French speaking country / region.	Students are able to identify and discuss aspects of everyday life from the perspective of someone from France or another French speaking country / region.Students are able to describe similarities and differences between England, France and other countries.Students are able to describe similarities and differences between cultures and practices in England, France and other countries.	Students know aspects of another culture. Students are able to discuss similarities and differences in schooling in England and some French speaking countries/ regions. Students are able to compare and contrast influences and role models for children in England and some French speaking countries/ regions. Students are able to recognise similarities and differences between cultures and practices in England and some French

		<u>Students are able to</u> identify ways of travelling to France or other French speaking countries / regions.	<u>Students are able to</u> compare symbols, objects and products associated with their own culture with those of other countries.	speaking countries/ regions. <u>Students are able to</u> discuss and challenge cultural stereotypes about England and France/ French speaking countries.
				<u>Students are able to</u> present information about an aspect of another culture.

	<u>OU P Step 4-6</u>	<u>OU P Step 7-8</u>	<u>OU Step 1</u>	<u>OU Step 2</u>	<u>OU Step 3</u>	<u>OU Step 4</u>			
Key learning:MF	Key learning:MFL – French – Oracy / Speaking and Listening								
<u>Subject specific</u> <u>knowledge</u>	<u>Students know</u> how to respond with support to activities and experiences	<u>Students know</u> how to respond briefly to a simple command in French.	<u>Students know</u> key words or phrases in French.	<u>Students know</u> how to respond appropriately to specific commands and	<u>Students know</u> an increasing number of familiar words in French.	<u>Students know</u> a wide range of words in French.			
Oracy / speaking and listening.	in the French. <u>Students know</u> learned responses in activities and experiences in French.	<u>Students know</u> some key words and phrases in French.	<u>Students know</u> some French phonemes that are the same or different to English.	questions in French. <u>Students know</u> whether a phoneme / sound in French is the same as in English.	<u>Students know</u> a set of sentences/ phrases on a familiar topic	<u>Students know</u> short phrases and sentences in French.			
How to communicate ideas effectively. How to respond to others appropriately.									
Subject specific skills Oracy / speaking and listening. How to communicate	<u>Students are able to</u> follow the sequence of a familiar routine in French. <u>Students are able to</u> respond appropriately with support to activities and experiences in French.	<u>Students are able to</u> attempt to repeat some sounds heard in French. <u>Students are able to</u> carry out simple actions when prompted in the French and supported with sign and gestures.	Students are able to repeat key words or phrases in French. Students are able to use signs, symbols or gesture to answer questions in French. Students are able to use	<u>Students are able to</u> learn and say two or more sentences / phrases in French. <u>Students are able to</u> identify a range of phonemes / sounds used in French.	Students are able to use tone and gesture to support communication in French. <u>Students are able to</u> use French to communicate agreement or disagreement to statements on familiar	<u>Students are able to</u> use knowledge of familiar words to identify key information in passages that contain unfamiliar language. <u>Students are able to</u> memorise a short text in French.			
ideas effectively.	<u>Students are able to</u> begin to communicate intentionally using eye	<u>Students are able to</u> respond to others in a group setting in French.	words, simple phrases or short sentences to answer questions in French.	<u>Students are able to</u> take part in simple role play in French.	topics. <u>Students are able to</u> use French to communicate	<u>Students are able to</u> plan and participate in a role play on a familiar topic.			

How to respond to others appropriately.	contact, gesture or action in sessions using French.	<u>Students are able to</u> use words, simple phrases or short sentences to ask questions.	preferences in discussions on familiar topics. <u>Students are able to</u> use knowledge of familiar words to identify key information in phrases that contain unfamiliar language.	<u>Students are able to</u> use simple familiar language to rephrase more complex sentences/ phrases. Students participate in simple conversations on familiar topics.
			<u>Students are able to</u> present a set of sentences/ phrases on a familiar topic.	

	OU P Step 4-6	OU P Step 7-8	OU Step 1	OU Step 2	OU Step 3	OU Step 4		
Key learning:MFL - French - Reading								
<u>Subject</u>	Students know what	Students know some	<u>Students know</u> a small	<u>Students know</u> a wider	Students know how	Students know key		
specific	some key words in	French words that are	range of French words.	range of French words	negative statements are	words identify in a		
knowledge	French or another	similar to English.		found in a range of	formed in French e.g.	range of different text		
<u></u>	language look like.		<u>Students know</u> to	short texts.	Je <u>n</u> 'aime <u>pas</u> . Je <u>ne</u>	types in French.		
Reading		Students know that	pronounce the é, as		joue <u>jamais</u> au football.			
Redding		some letters and	the ay and the ç as the	<u>Students know</u> some				
		accents are different	s sound.	common spelling	<u>Students know</u> that the			
How to infer.		to English e.g. é, ç		patterns in French e.g	order of words in a			
How to				All <u>ez,</u> ven <u>ez</u>	sentence influences the			
understand how					meaning.			
language is used.								
How to understand how								
structure is used								
How to compare.								
riow to compare.								
<u>Subject</u>	Students are able to	Students are able to find	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are able to read	Students are able to		
specific skills	experience familiar	a familiar word in a	pronounce accurately	match	short phrases and	confirm if a statement		
<u></u>	words or phrases in	French text.	French letters/	pictures/symbols to	sentences in French.	about a written French		
Reading	French.		phonemes that are	written phrases in		text is true or false.		
Redding		<u>Students are able to</u> find	similar to English.	French.	<u>Students are able to</u> read			
	Students are able to	a new word in a French			and answer questions in	Students are able to read		
How to infer.	explore familiar words	text.	Students are able to	Students are able to	French using simple	a wide range of texts in		
How to	in French, supported		attempt to pronounce	identify familiar	words, symbols or	French.		
understand how	by pictures or	<u>Students are able to</u>	letters/ phonemes in	French words /	pictures.			
language is used.	symbols.	explore a dictionary	French that are	headings in a range of		<u>Students are able to</u> read		
		with others.	different to English.	short texts.		and understand the		

How to	Students are able to			Students are able to use a	main points of a French
understand how	experience a familiar	<u>Students are able to</u>	<u>Students are able to</u> read	bilingual dictionary to	text on a familiar
structure is used	text with others in	read aloud a familiar	aloud familiar French	check the meaning of	subject.
How to compare.	French.	French phrase or	words.	unfamiliar words.	·
·		sentence.			Students are able to read
	<u>Students are able to</u>		Students are able to		and understand some
	explore a familiar	<u>Students are able to</u>	attempt to pronounce		detail in a French text.
	text in French,	recognise and read	familiar French words		
	supported by pictures	simple French words.	accurately.		
	or symbols.				
		<u>Students are able to</u>	Students are able to		
		recognise and read	identify common		
		simple French phrases.	spelling patterns in		
			French.		

	OU P Step 4-6	OU P Step 7-8	<u>OU Step 1</u>	<u>OU Step 2</u>	<u>OU Step 3</u>	<u>OU Step 4</u>		
Key learning:MFL - French - Writing								
Subject specific knowledge Writing How to plan a text in French. What good looks like: appropriate form, language and structure. How to edit. How to proof read.	<u>Students know</u> some key words in French or another language.	<u>Students know</u> that a bilingual dictionary has entries listed English in one section and in another language in another section. <u>Students know</u> that a bilingual dictionary has a section of key vocabulary and how to from the verbs. <u>Students know</u> how to form some letters and accents particular to French e.g. é, ç	<u>Students know</u> the grapheme that corresponds to some French phonemes e.g. é and ay <u>Students know</u> how to write some single words in French from memory.	<u>Students know</u> how to write a range of words from memory	<u>Students know</u> how to form a question by changing the order of words in a sentence. <u>Students know</u> how to use a bilingual dictionary to check the spelling of familiar words.	Students know how to form a simple sentence in the negative in French. Students know how to correctly use punctuation to convey meaning. Students know how to use a bilingual dictionary to check the spelling of words and the conjugation of verbs in French.		
<u>Subject</u> specific skills	<u>Students are able to</u> experience familiar words or phrases in the French.	<u>Students are able to</u> copy letters and accents particular to French.	<u>Students are able to</u> match French words to pictures / symbols.	<u>Students are able to</u> match French phrases to pictures / symbols.	<u>Students are able to</u> create a sentence in French using single word cards.	<u>Students are able to</u> form a simple sentence in the negative.		
<u>Writing</u> How to plan a text in French.	<u>Students are able to</u> explore familiar words in	<u>Students are able to</u> copy the target language word that accompanies a picture/symbol.	<u>Students are able to</u> write the initial letter /grapheme for the	<u>Students are able to</u> use familiar words to complete a short French	Students place words in the correct order in a sentence in French.	<u>Students are able to</u> correctly use punctuation to convey meaning in French.		

What good looks like: appropriate form, language and structure. How to edit. How to proof read.	French, supported by pictures or symbols. <u>Students are able to</u> experience with others a familiar text in French. <u>Students are able to</u> explore a familiar text in French, supported by pictures or symbols.	Students are able to match words in the target language. Students are able to place pictures/symbols in the correct order. Students are able to look for words in a bilingual dictionary.	starting phoneme of French words. <u>Students are able to</u> begin to match French phonemes to the corresponding grapheme. <u>Students are able to</u> use a model to write simple, familiar words that use letters/ phonemes that are similar to English.	text eg filling in the missing words. <u>Students are able to</u> use a model to write short phrases with words with letters/ phonemes that are similar to English. <u>Students are able to</u> use a model to write short phrases with some words that use letters/	Students are able to change the order of words in a sentence to form a question. Students are able to create a short text in French using word and phrase cards. Students are able to use a bilingual dictionary to	<u>Students are able to</u> use a model to create a short text in French on a range of topics. <u>Students are able to</u> use a bilingual dictionary to check how to write a phrase or sentence in French.	
			<u>Students are able to</u> use a model to write simple, familiar words that use letters/ phonemes that	phonemes that are particular to the target language.	check the spelling of familiar words.		
<u>Personal</u> <u>development</u>	KS4 only   Problem solving-   Resolving ways to effectively communicate information in a different language   Communication skills-   Asking appropriate questions and listening to responses,   Self-belief-   Finding ways to get message across   Self-management-   Linked to independent research tasks selecting appropriate information and planning and drafting material.   Team Work-						
<u>Suggested activi</u> See suggested flow o	ties_	stand and communicate in anot and maps, role play, charades					
	o.uk/languages/french/ etefrance.com/home/imp	rove-your-french-language	-skills-with-21-free-resou	rces-1-6963222			
	evidence sheets need to be	levelled in accordance with the and formatted within Book (		-assess and work needs to be	e put in student books/ folders	with next steps identified	