KS4 Maths

Properties of number including addition, subtraction and early algebra

Subject curriculum intent:

This half term, pupils will develop their core number skills through counting, partitioning, adding and subtracting. Mathematic lessons will that where the pupil is at; building on knowledge and skills gained in KS3. Throughout the academic year, they will continue to develop, use and apply their number skills in all other mathematical topics. For example, statistics, measure, multiplication. There will always be a key link to number skills.

In addition to this, pupils will also be using and applying their number skills in other areas of the curriculum but also in their day to day lives as functional maths skills.

Pupils:

- 1. develop **fluency** in the fundamentals of mathematics so that they are efficient in using and selecting the appropriate strategies to <u>calculate number problems</u> including mental methods, underpinned by mathematical concepts
- 2. can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of problems with increasing sophistication, including in unfamiliar contexts and to model real-life scenarios
- 3. can **reason mathematically** by following a line of enquiry and develop and present a justification, argument or proof using mathematical language.

In all math lessons, teachers plan engaging lessons with the aim that pupils:

- master skills in maths which they are then able to apply to a range of contexts within the school and home context
- embed their new skills and understanding to a range of contexts; thus supporting application and progress in learning
- acquire core mathematical skills to support their independence as they progress through the school
- are able to apply their understanding; supporting them in other areas of the curriculum

End of KS3 intent/outcome	End of KS4 intent/outcome	End of KS5 intent/outcome
Pupils will revisit number skills from the	Pupils will revisit their number skills from the	Pupils will use and apply their number skills in
previous year. They will use identified	previous year, ensuring they have maintained skills.	functional ways, ready for adulthood as they are
strategies that utilise concrete and pictorial	Pupils will revisit the topics within number at higher	approaching the end of their time at North Ridge.
representation to be able to master these	levels' where the knowledge and skills related to	For example, pupils will be calculating stock needed
skills.	the number topic are more complex.	in the café, shop and manufacturing as well as
, · ·	1 '	calculating the number of items needed when
procedural variation to support them in using	skills in other areas of the vocational curriculum	shopping for items in the super market.
and applying their number skills in different	such as in café baking.	
ways.		

Intent for	We want our pupils to develop functional number skills throughout their time at North Ridge. Whatever the ability of the pupil, we want
this topic:	them to be able to use and apply their core number skills in a range of ways to support them in being as independent as possible. This may be being able to count required items in a shopping list, pack items of clothing for a trip away, setting the table and so on.
Key vocabulary taught within this	Number, count, more than, less than, how many?, quantity, add, addition, subtract, subtraction, minus, plus, equal, number sentence, partition, tens, ones, hundreds, thousands, sum, total, altogether + - = < >
topic:	
Links to other subjects:	-Café baking -DofE -P.E
	-Design Technology
	-Science
	Note: number skills are built on throughout the school day, including being in every-day routines.

Suggested flow:

This flow is to be used as a guide. Teachers to adapt the flow to meet the needs and abilities of students within their class.

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Pre-assessment. What knowledge and skills do	Partitioning	Addition		Subtraction	
pupils already have?	Partition 2/3/4-digit numbers.	Adding 1-digit number	rs to 2-digit numbers.	Subtracting 1-digit numbers.	numbers from 2-digit
Making		Using number lines.			
amounts/ordering	Understanding			Using number lines.	
numbers.	thousands, hundreds,	Column addition			
	tens and ones.			Column subtraction	
Early algebra skills	STEM sentences	Addition skills		Subtraction skills	
		Early algebra skills		Early statistic skills	3

Number: number and place value

	<u>B2 PS 1</u>	<u>B2 P5 2</u>	<u>B2 P5 3</u>	<u>B2 P5 4</u>	<u>B2 PS 5</u>	<u>B2 PS 6</u>
<u>Subject</u>	To know numbers to	To know numbers to	To know the order of	To know numbers 1-	<u>To know</u> 3s, 4s	<u>To know</u> 7, 8, 50
specific	5 inc. their name	10 inc. their name and	numbers 1-20	100 including their	and 6s times	and 100 times
<u>knowledge</u>	and shape	shape (then numbers		name and shape	tables; counting on	tables.
		to 20 - PS2)	To know key words		and their	
What do	<u>To know</u> the order		'more' and 'less'		corresponding	<u>To know</u> 10 or 100
pupils need	of numbers to 5	To know the order of		To know 2s, 5s and	multiplication	more and less than
to know?		numbers to 10 (then	To know one more and	10s times tables;	number sentence	a given number;
	<u>To know</u> to only	numbers to 20 - PS2)	one less of a given	counting on and		knowing to use
	touch each object		number 1-20	knowing their	<u>To know</u> how many	partitioning
	once as they count	To know one more and		corresponding	tens and ones a 2-	method or times
		one less of a given	To know which	multiplication number	digit number has.	tables
	<u>To know</u> re-	number 1-20	direction to move	sentences		
	arranging objects		along the number line		<u>To know</u>	<u>To know</u> and
	does not change the	<u>To know</u> ordinal	to find one more and		comparative	identify any 3
	quantity	numbers 1st 2nd and	one less of a number	To know and use the	symbols: < = and >	digit/4-digit
		3 rd		language 'equal to,		number.
	<u>To know</u> the last			more than and less		
	number counted			than (fewer)		To know how many
	represents the total			correctly		hundreds tens and
	number of objects					ones are needed
						for a 3-digit
						number
						НТО
						To know how many
						thousands,
						hundreds ,tens
						and ones are
						needed for a 4-
						digit number
						ThHTO

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Is able to rote</u>	<u>Is able to count to 10</u>	<u>Is able to read and</u>	<u>Is able to count to</u>	Is able to count in	<u>Is able to count 7,</u>
specific	count to 5 fluently	fluently (then to 20)	write numerals to 20	100	3s, 4s and 6s;	8, 50 and 100
<u>skills</u>					starting from 0.	times tables.
	<u>Is able to</u> count	<u>Is able to</u> identify	<u>Is able to</u> represent	<u>Is able to</u> count		
What do	given quantities to 5	any mistakes when	numbers using	forwards and	<u>Is able to</u>	<u>Is able to</u> count 10
pupils need		counting or recognise	quantity of objects	backwards from any	partition tens and	or 100 more and
to be able	<u>Is able to</u> count out	a missing number		given number	ones in a 2 digit	less than a given
to do?	a quantity asked for		<u>Is able to</u> move		number.	number.
	to 5	<u>Is able to</u> order a full	forwards and	<u>Is able to</u> read and	ТО	
		set of numbers to 10	backwards along a	write any numeral 1-		<u>Is able to</u> read
	<u>Is able to</u> find	(then 20)	number line	100	<u>Is able to</u> count	and write numbers
	numbers to 5				forwards and	to 1000 (including
		<u>Is able to</u> order a		<u>Is able to</u> count in	backwards in 10s	words)
	<u>Is able to</u> represent	random set of		multiples of 2s, 5s,	from any number	
	numbers to 5 using	numbers to 10 e.g. 2-		and 10s		<u>Is able to</u> compare
	objects or fingers	6-10 (then to 20)			<u>Is able to</u> compare	and order 3-4
					and order	digit numbers
	<u>Is able to</u> write	<u>Is able to</u> state the			numbers 0-100	using words and
	numbers to 5	order of objects in a			using: < > =	mathematical
		range of scenarios			symbols	symbols
		e.g. I came 1st in the				
		race				

Suggested	Counting songs
teaching	Counting stories
activities	Passing objects around the classroom
	Collecting up to 2 leaves/fruit/veg
	Count number of coloured balls
	Counting out plates / cups etc for the table
	Statistics - sorting and counting information
	Ordering number cards
	Collecting correct number of objects/leaves/fruit/veg
	Counting food harvested/grown on plant
	Count number of circles/squares/triangles in the room
	Write numbers in foam/sand/gloop
	Collecting correct number of objects/leaves/fruit/veg
	Statistics – sorting and counting information
	Number square - find the number game
	Count on using fingers (large number in head and count on small number using fingers)
	Crocodile teeth for < and > symbols
	Count crop from two different patches/bushes/plants. Decide which has more/less using '< and >' symbols
	Numicon
	Place value counters
	Cuisenaire
	Bo B 22
	Count the little







Number: addition and subtraction

	<u>B2 PS 1</u>	<u>B2 PS 2</u>	<u>B2 P5 3</u>	<u>B2 P5 4</u>	<u>B2 PS 5</u>	<u>B2 P5 6</u>
<u>Subject</u>	<u>To know</u> and be	<u>To know</u> symbols: +, -	<u>To know</u> what a	To know and recall all	<u>To know</u> addition	To know how to
specific	familiar with the	& =,	number bond is	number bonds to 20	of numbers can be	use formal written
<u>knowledge</u>	word 'add'				done in any order	methods for
		To know to count	To know and recall all			addition and
What do	To know 'add' means	altogether / how	number bonds to 10	To know how to use	To know the	subtraction of 3
pupils need	the same as 'more'	many left after a		the counting on	inverse of addition	or 4 digit numbers
to know?		calculation using	<u>To know</u> what	method (for either	is subtractionand	ThHTO (right to
	To know and be	concrete resources	strategy to use to	addition or	vice versa	left)
	familiar with the		calculate a missing	subtraction)		
	word 'take'	To know to count on	number bond.	e.g. 11 + 7 =		
		from first number	e.g. 7 + ? = 10	12,13,14,15,16,17,18		
	To know and be	being added (not				
	familiar with the	starting from the		Or 21 - 19 =		
	word 'subtract'	beginning)		20,21 (=2)		
		To know to count on		To know how to use		
	To know	from the largest		the counting		
	'subtract/take'	number being added		backwards method		
	means the same as	(for efficiency)		for subtraction		
	'less'	(101 etticiency)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	1633			To know which		
	To be familiar with			strategy to use to		
	appearance of			calculate an addition		
	symbols + and -			or subtraction		
	Symbols - and -			number sentence and		
				which is the most		
				efficient.		
<u>Subject</u>	<u>Is able to</u> connect	<u>Is able to</u> use	<u>Is able to</u> read and	<u>Is able to</u> represent	<u>Is able to</u> add and	<u>Is able to</u> use
<u>specific</u>	(add) cubes to a	concrete resources,	write number	number bonds to 20	subtract:	mental arithmetic
<u>skills</u>	tower	to add two single	sentence using the		- 1digit from	to add and
		digit numbers	correct symbols (+, -	<u>Is able to</u> add and	2digit or 2digit	subtract:
What do	<u>Is able to</u> take off		and =)	subtract 1-2 digit	from 2digit	3/4-digit numbers
pupils need	(subtract) cubes	<u>Is able to</u> use		numbers from 1-2	e.g.: 63 - 9 =	and ones, 3-digit
to be able	from a tower	language: add,	<u>Is able to</u> represent	digit numbers to 20	75 + 21 =	number and tens,
to do?			number bonds to 10	including 0		

<u>Is able to place</u>	subtract, more, less,	using a variety of			3/4-digit number
Is able to place more items onto a pile Is able to remove items from a pile Is able to pick up numerous objects when asked for 2 (understanding it is more than one)	subtract, more, less, altogether Is able to count on to calculate addition of two single digits Is able to remove an and objects and count how many now to 10 Is able to read an addition / subtraction number sentence Is able to represent a calculation using a simple addition/subtraction number sentence. (P8-1C)	using a variety of concrete resources. Is able to add and subtract one digits numbers from 1-2 digit number to 20	Is able to solve one step problems in number sentences e.g. 7 = 9 - ? Is able to solve one step worded problems	Is able to solve simple problems using mental arithmetic Is able to solve addition and subtraction problems using pictorial / jotting methods independently Is able to use knowledge inverse of addition and subtraction to find missing numbers in a number sentence (early algebra)	and hundreds e.g. 514 + 200 Is able to use formal written methods for addition and subtraction of 3 digit numbers ThHTO Is able to estimate calculations Is able to use inverse operations to check answers Is able to solve problems including: missing number, number facts and place value

Suggested	Make towers by adding bricks together
teaching	Destroy towers by taking bricks away
activities	Collect MORE leaves/fruit/veg/soil from outside
	Placing more items into showing trolley
	Taking items out of a showing trolley
	"add" or "subtract"balls into ball suction tube
	Adding objects together (can be done using leaves/fruit/veg)
	Use addition box to add objects
	Add numicon pieces together
	Frog jumps on number line (on floor or numicon number line)
	Subtraction dentist teeth
	Subtract number of leaves/veg/fruit from a patch
	Algebra number sentences
	Statistics – combining information / comparing information
	Bead strings for number bonds - can make bead string using large seeds
	Frog jumps backwards on numberline
	Create number sentences with shape blocks
	Numicon numberbonds to 10 or 20
	Numicon addition/subtraction
	Frog jumps on number line
	Create number bonds with shape blocks
	Place value counters
	Cuisenaire





