KS4 RE What do different people believe about God? Christian, Hindu's, Muslims

Autumn 1 2024

Subject curriculum	The principal aim of RE is to engage pupils in systematic enquiry into significant human questions which religion and worldviews address, so that					
intent:	they develop the understanding and skills needed to appreciate and appraise varied responses to these questions, as well as develop responses of their own. Know about and understand a range of religions and worldviews.					
I						
		Express ideas and insights about the nature, significance and impact of religions and worldviews.				
	Gain and deploy the skills needed to engage seriously with religions and worldviews.					
End of KS3 intent/	outcome	End of KS4 intent/outcome	End of KS5 intent/outcome			
Students should un	nderstand the three main faiths -	Students should show an understanding of how people	Students will understand the challenges faced by			
Christianity, Islam and Judaism and the key beliefs		of different religions perceive God and how they show	people of different religions within society today.			
within. They should	d understand sacred books, sacred	their faith. Students should be able to talk about how	Students will delve deeper into what it means to be			
texts, and sacred p	places and sacred times relating to	this may be different in a modern society, what this	religious, and the affects religion can have on a person's			
each religion, as well of knowing why these are sacred.		may mean for people growing up in Britain today, and	life. Students will investigate big questions surrounding			
	now an understanding of the meaning	how religion may help people at different stages of	religion's effect on the happiness, suffering, war, and			
of at least one story from each religion and should be		their lives.	peace that exists in society.			
	teachings of these sacred texts to	Students will be to identify a religious festival for	Students will look at what living by religion may mean,			
	ig how to care for others and our	Christianity, Islam and Judaism, and will show an	and whether this means needing to obey all teachings in			
world.		understanding of why these are important within each	the sacred book, or by allowing religion to fit around			
		faith.	the individual.			
			Students will be able to discuss how they feel about			
			religion and should show an unbiased understanding of			
Intent for this	To be a since the season of th	La considera di la contrara la con Chairetta de la titudo e contrata della contra	both religious and non-religious beliefs.			
·		ns, pupils will explore how Christians, Hindus, and Muslim	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
topic:	omniscient, and omnipresent, often referred to as the Trinity (Father, Son, Holy Spirit). Hindus believe in Brahman, a supreme reality manifesting in various forms such as Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiva, along with many other deities. Muslims describe God (Allah) as the singular, all-powerful, and					
	merciful creator. Pupils will ask questions and consider their own responses to ideas about God, fostering a deeper understanding. They will also					
	discuss why having faith or belief can be challenging, such as due to doubts, societal pressures, or personal struggles. Additionally, they will					
	identify how believing in God can impact people's lives, providing purpose, guidance, and a sense of community.					
Core vocabulary	Christianity, God, Church, Bible, Parable, God, Jesus,					
needed for this	Islam, Allah, Quran,					
subject/topic:	Hinduism, Gods (Shiva etc), Vedas, Upanishad					
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Vocabulary	pupils	Communi	ity, respect, praye	r, morals, worship, beli	ef, community, individual, faith
will have ac	cessed in				
other topic	s or				
subject are	eas:				
Key vocabulary God, Holy books, prayer, religious stories, belief					
taught with	nin this				
topic:					
				Prior knowledg	e: what pupils may already have studied
Key stage	Sub	ject	Topic title	Term/year taught	Content/What might pupils already know?
KS3 RE		Who is a		Year 1/ Autumn 1	Students will have knowledge of basic beliefs of Christians, students should be able to name
			Christian and		holy book, place of worship and some key festivals.
			what do they		
			believe?		
KS4 RE	RE		Living: What does	Year 1/ Autumn 1	Students will have knowledge of basic beliefs of Christianity, Islam and Hinduism and how they
			it mean to be a		influence Christians, Muslims and Hindus in Modern Britian.
			Christian, Muslim,		
			Hindu in Britain		
	1		today?		

<u>Believing Topic:</u> Religious beliefs, teachings, sources; questions about meaning, purpose and truth.

RRS - UNCRC Relating Articles (Use within your teaching and planning)

- Article 8 (protection and preservation of identity) Every child has the right to an identity. Governments must respect and protect that right, and prevent the child's name, nationality or family relationships from being changed unlawfully.
- Article 13 (freedom of expression) Every child must be free to express their thoughts and opinions and to access all kinds of information, as long as it is within the law.
- Article 14 (freedom of thought, belief and religion) Every child has the right to think and believe what they choose and also to practise their religion, as long as they are not stopping other people from enjoying their rights. Governments must respect the rights and responsibilities of parents to guide their child as they grow up.

Key elements	Who is Christian/Muslim/Hindus and what do they believe in? Why do some people believe in God? Religions and Worldviews Christians, Hindus and/or Muslims			
	B2 PS1	B2 PS2	B2 PS3-4	PS5
Subject specific knowledge	To know that Muslims, Christian and Hindus believe in God(s). To know the name of the God(s) from Hinduism, Islam and Christianity. To know a religious story from all 3 religions that validates God(s) existence. To know some people don't believe in God.	To know that Holy scriptures/books contain information about Gods existence. To know that all 3 religions describe God(s) in unique ways. To know that some people struggle to believe in God and suggest reasons why. To know some people believe in God(s) as it help provide their life with meaning.	To know that Holy scriptures/books contain information about Gods existence and why this is important for believers. To know that all 3 religious describe God(s) in unique ways and how this is meaningful to the believer. To know that some people struggle to believe in God and suggest reasons why. To know some people believe in God(s) as it help provide their life with meaning and suggest reasons how.	To know how believers of these faiths prove God(s) existence through stories in the Holy scriptures/books and explain how each story describes God(s). To know that all 3 religious describe God(s) in unique ways and how this impacts the believers daily life. To know how to explain why some people struggle to believe in God(s) despite there being mention on God(s) in Holy scriptures/books. To know how to explain why the existence of God(s) provides believers meaning in life by linking it to verses/parables from Holy scriptures/books.
Subject specific skills	<u>Is able to</u> handles artefacts used for worship	Is able to demonstrate an awareness of the purpose of some artefacts	<u>Is able to</u> shows an awareness of different beliefs	<u>Is able to</u> identifies the main idea in religious stories

Is	s able to explores religious	Is able to follows simple, short	Is able to joins in discussion about	
	bjects with some interest	stories about people in the past	the moral of the story	<u>Is able to</u> identifies the key feelings in a religious story
	s able to sits in a small group with member of staff for a story	<u>Is able to</u> listens and responds to a range of faith stories	Is able to recognises that religions have holy or special days	, ,
av fe	is able to communicates an wareness of other people's eelings is able to responds when listening o religious music	Is able to handles religious artefacts with care and respect Is able to expresses an opinion with appropriate language	<u>Is able to</u> describes an event in a story	<u>Is able to</u> understands and uses some simple religious words and phrases
	<u>is able to</u> imitates ritual action	<u>Is able to</u> predicts what will happen in a repetitive religious story	Is able to explains simply which types of behaviours are right and wrong	<u>Is able to</u> states simple facts about holy books, e.g. they are considered special or important
			<u>Is able to s</u> hows some awareness that others' ideas, though different, are not wrong	<u>Is able to</u> names a leader of a religion
			<u>Is able to</u> indicates that people of different faiths can live in the same location, anywhere in the world	<u>Is able to</u> explains how people make their own decisions about how they live
			<u>Is able to</u> identifies some special things a religious believer might have or do at home	<u>Is able to</u> demonstrates some respect when discussing different views with others
			<u>Is able to</u> identifies a key belief in a religion	<u>Is able to</u> responds sensitively when discussing different faiths
			<u>Is able to</u> asks questions about religions	<u>Is able to</u> identifies some differences and similarities between people

Suggested teaching activities

- Sensory stories
- Listen to music
- Reenact celebrations
- Listen to sermons
- Explore artefacts
- Explore picture stories
- Role play
- Dress up
- Listen to music
- Match artefacts to pictures

Teachers can select content from these examples, and add more of their own.

- Talk about ways in which we exercise trust and faith in our everyday lives.
- Find some examples of how we know about something we have not seen or experienced for ourselves.
- What do people believe about God? Explore some of the ways in which religions name and describe the attributes of God with a particular focus on how Christians thing of God as Trinity Father, Son and Holy Spirit; the 99 names of Allah; or Hindu beliefs about the Trimurti Brahma (creator), Vishnu (preserver), Shiva (destroyer).
- Study art (Christians), calligraphy (Muslims) and/or murtis (Hindus) used to represent ideas about God to find out what they say about God.
- Explore how ideas about God are shown in stories/narratives: E.g. encounters which help believers to understand God's relationship with people, e.g. Moses and the Burning Bush (Exodus 3.1-15), Jonah (book of Jonah in the old testament); baptism of Jesus (Mark 1.9-11); Pentecost (Acts 2.1-21) and Paul's conversation (Acts 9.1-19); stories Jesus told which teach about God e.g. the parable of the forgiving father (Luke 15.11-32).
- Hindu texts which describe the indescribable (e.g. extract some of the more concrete metaphors from Bhagavad Gita 7;8-9 and 10:21-41;
 - [http://www.asitis.com/7/] or the poem 'Who?' by Sri Aurobindo).
- Explore the stories which help Muslims understand the nature of God e.g. the story of the Night of Power - the revelation of the Qur'an to Muhammad, and the story of Muhammed's night journey and ascension.
- Examine similarities and differences between these views of God.
- Explore the influence believing in God has on the lives of believers.
- Explore the fact that many people do not believe in God.
- Reflect on Pupils own Questions and ideas and God in the light of their learning.
- Express their own ideas about God through art, music, poetry and Drama.

Online resources

http://rightchoice.wiltshire.gov.uk/Page/10622

www.retoday.org.uk/syllabus-resources Password: ASyllabusRET!

https://www.reonline.org.uk/teaching-resources/

Resources in school

- Pottery statue of Mary (FRAGILE!)
- Pottery Chalice + Saucer (FRAGILE!)
- Crucifix necklace
- Doll
- Battery Powered Candles
- Photos
- Bell
- Ornaments (x8)
- Large, Wooden Crucifix
- Mary Statue
- Candle x3 (Satchel)
- Crucifix x3 Satchel
- Books:
- New Testament and Psalms
- Good News Bible
- Holy Scriptures
- A man with a vision
- Children's Illustrated Bible
- The Birth of Jesus
- Creation
- Messiah
- Islamic clothing
- Religious story book
- Quran
- Prayer mat